



Massachusetts Credit Unions: The Real Story

Tax-paying Massachusetts banks compete head to head with tax-exempt credit unions. Although they portray themselves as mom and pop shops for people of modest means, today credit unions are a \$2.2 trillion industry, with many indistinguishable from banks. The BIG difference-they don't pay federal income taxes, depriving the U.S. Treasury of nearly \$3.1 billion every year.

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Who Pays the Taxes?	
MA Credit Unions MA Banks* \$0 \$1,178,102,000 *Includes all applicable federal, state and local, and foreign income taxes	Digital Federal Credit Union would have paid \$10.3 million in taxes during 2022, had it paid its fair share.
Indistinguishable from Banks	Larger than Most Massachusetts Banks
Hanscom Federal Credit Union used its tax advantage to aggressively expand its business lending at an annual \$116M rate of 51% since 2012.	Digital Federal Credit Union, with \$11.3 billion in assets , is the largest credit union in Massachusetts, larger than 95% of Massachusetts-headquartered banks.
	Massachusetts Credit Unions Leverage Their Tax Exemption to Grow Deposits
\$22M	Massachusetts credit unions grew deposits at an annualized rate of 6.2% since 2012.
\$1.8M 2012 2014 2016 2018 2020 2022	\$24.8 Billion
Large Credit Union Auto Lenders	
Four of the top five Massachusetts- headquartered auto lenders are credit unions.	
InstitutionAuto Loans (\$000)Santander Bank, National As:12,032,769Digital Federal Credit Union4,024,427	
Rockland Federal Credit Union 1,015,694	
Metro Credit Union976,568Hanscom Federal Credit Ur375,310	2012 2022

